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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/821,499	04/09/2004 James D. Webb		P0011232.00	1416	
27581 MEDTRONIC,	7590 07/06/2009 INC.		EXAMINER		
710 MEDTRON	NIC PARKWAY NE		COBANOGLU, DILEK B		
MIINNEAPOLI	IS, MN 55432-9924		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3626		
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			07/06/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.		Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary			10/821,499		WEBB ET AL.				
			Examiner		Art Unit				
			DILEK B. CO	BANOGLU	3626				
- Period fo	- The MAILING DATE of this commun Reply	nication appea	ars on the co	ver sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ddress			
WHICI - Extens after S - If NO - Failure Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE N sions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comi- period for reply is specified above, the maximum s to reply within the set or extended period for reply ply received by the Office later than three months d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DAT s of 37 CFR 1.136(munication. tatutory period will will, by statute, ca	TE OF THIS (a). In no event, h I apply and will expand the application	COMMUNICATION owever, may a reply be tinuing SIX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this of D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•			
Status									
1)[\text{\tint{\text{\tin}\text{\ti}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tin}\text{\texi}}\\ \tett{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\tint{\text{\texi}\text{\texi}\text{\texitit}\\ \tittt{\texititt{\texitiex{\texit{\texi{\texi{\texi}\texit{\texi{\texi}\texi	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on 06 Apr	ril 2009						
·	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 April 2009</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.								
′=		<i>,</i> —			secution as to the	e merits is			
-	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositio	on of Claims								
4) 🛛 (Claim(s) 1 and 4-20 is/are pending	in the applica	ation.						
•	Claim(s) <u>1 and 4-20</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
·—	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 4-20</u> is/are rejected.								
· ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
•	Claim(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or e	election requ	irement					
		ction and/or c	cicciion requ	iromont.					
Application	on Papers								
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.									
10)□ T	he drawing(s) filed on is/are	: a) <u></u> accep	oted or b) 🔲	objected to by the I	Examiner.				
,	Applicant may not request that any obje	ection to the dr	rawing(s) be he	eld in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
	of References Cited (PTO-892)		4)	Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. Notice of Informal Patent Application									
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:									

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

- 1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 04/06/2009 has been entered.
- 2. Claims 1, 4-20 remain pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1, 4-14, 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nelson et al. (hereinafter Nelson) (U.S. Patent No. 6,480,745 B2), Stawikowski et al. (hereinafter Stawikowski) (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2002/0046239 A1) and further in view of Trusheim et al. (hereinafter Trusheim) (U.S. Patent No. 6,385,589 B1).
 - A. Claim 1 has been amended now to recite a system for exchanging medical data, the data exchange system comprising:

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i. means for acquiring medical data (Nelson; col. 5, lines 14-31);

- ii. means for handling medical data wherein medical data maybe stored, analyzed, or displayed (Nelson; col. 7, lines 21-39);
- iii. a plurality of web services for performing a data exchange function between the means for acquiring medical data and the means for handling medical data, wherein one of the web services is a translation web service having an input method configured to receive medical data in a first format and configured to return the medical data in a plurality of output formats, wherein translation web services is further configured to receive a request for one of the plurality of output formats from invoking application, and the output method is configured to return the medical data to the invoking application in the requested output format.
 - (1) Nelson fails to expressly teach a plurality of web services for performing a data exchange function between the means for acquiring medical data and the means for handling medical data. However, this feature is well known in the art, as evidenced by Stawikowski.

In particular, Stawikowski discloses a plurality of web services for performing a data exchange function between the means for acquiring medical data and the means for

handling medical data (Stawikowski; abstract, paragraphs: 0001-0002, 0004-0005).

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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include the aforementioned limitation as disclosed by Stawikowski with the motivation of to be able to exchange data directly on an IP network (Stawikowski; paragraph: 0006).

service having an input method configured to receive medical data in a first format and configured to return the medical data in a plurality of output formats, wherein translation web services is further configured to receive a request for one of the plurality of output formats from invoking application, and the output method is configured to return the medical data to the invoking application in the requested output format. However, this feature is well known in the art, as evidenced by Trusheim.

In particular, Trusheim discloses a translation web service having an input method <u>configured to receive</u> medical data in a first format and <u>configured to return the</u> medical data <u>in a plurality of output formats</u>, wherein translation web services is further configured to receive a request for one of the plurality of output formats from invoking application, and the

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output method is configured to return the medical data to the invoking application in the requested output format (Trusheim; col. 8, lines 1-15, col. 11, line 25 to col. 12, line 11, fig. 3).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include the aforementioned limitation as disclosed by Trusheim with the motivation of translation data files into a common format (Trusheim; col. 8, lines 1-15).

B. Claim 4 recites the system of claim 1 and Stawikowski discloses the plurality of web services further includes an analysis web service (Stawikowski; paragraph: 0001-0002, 0004-0005, 0006).

The obviousness of modifying the teaching of Nelson to include the plurality of web services (as taught by Stawikowski) is as addressed above in the rejection of claim 1 and incorporated herein.

C. Claim 5 recites the system of claim 4, Stawikowski discloses the analysis web service (Stawikowski; paragraph: 0001-0002, 0004-0005, 0006) and Nelson discloses an analysis method for performing a requested data analysis function on the specified data and returning the analysis results to an invoking application (Nelson; col. 7, lines 7-21, col. 11, lines 11-45).

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The obviousness of modifying the teaching of Nelson to include the plurality of web services (as taught by Stawikowski) is as addressed above in the rejection of claim 1 and incorporated herein.

D. Claim 6 recites the system of claim 1, Stawikowski discloses the plurality of web services further includes a storage web service (Stawikowski; paragraph: 0001-0002, 0004-0005, 0006).

The obviousness of modifying the teaching of Nelson to include the plurality of web services (as taught by Stawikowski) is as addressed above in the rejection of claim 1 and incorporated herein.

E. Claim 7 recites the system of claim 6, Stawikowski discloses a storage web service (Stawikowski; paragraph: 0001-0002, 0004-0005, 0006) and Nelson discloses a method for writing data to a data storage system (Nelson; col. 10, line 59 to col. 11, line 10).

The obviousness of modifying the teaching of Nelson to include the plurality of web services (as taught by Stawikowski) is as addressed above in the rejection of claim 1 and incorporated herein.

F. Claim 8 recites the system of claim 6, Stawikowski discloses a storage web service (Stawikowski; paragraph: 0001-0002, 0004-0005, 0006) and Nelson discloses a method for retrieving data from a data storage system (Nelson; col. 10, line 59 to col. 11, line 10).

The obviousness of modifying the teaching of Nelson to include the plurality of web services (as taught by Stawikowski) is as addressed above in the rejection of claim 1 and incorporated herein.

- G. Claim 9 recites the system of claims 7 or 8, wherein the data storage system is any of a relational database system; a file system; an XML file system, or a medical device (Nelson; col. 10, line 59 to col. 11, line 10).
- H. Claim 10 recites the system of claim 1 wherein the plurality of web services further includes a multifunction web service (Stawikowski; paragraph: 0001-0002, 0004-0005, 0006).

The obviousness of modifying the teaching of Nelson to include the plurality of web services (as taught by Stawikowski) is as addressed above in the rejection of claim 1 and incorporated herein.

I. Claim 11 recites the system of claim 10 wherein the multifunction web service invokes any of a translation web service, an analysis web service, and a storage web service (Stawikowski; paragraph: 0001-0002, 0004-0005, 0006).

The obviousness of modifying the teaching of Nelson to include the plurality of web services (as taught by Stawikowski) is as addressed above in the rejection of claim 1 and incorporated herein.

J. Claim 12 recites the system of claim 11 wherein the multifunction web service is a data log service for informing a first data storage system of a new data set entered into a second data storage system (Stawikowski; paragraph: 0031, 0036).

The obviousness of modifying the teaching of Nelson to include the plurality of web services (as taught by Stawikowski) is as addressed above in the rejection of claim 1 and incorporated herein.

- K. Claim 13 recites the system of claim 12 wherein a new data set comprises a record of a monitoring session performed by a medical device (Nelson; abstract, col. 10, line 59 to col. 11, line 10).
- L. Claim 14 recites the system of claim 11 wherein the multifunction web service is a session retrieval service (Stawikowski; paragraph: 0031, 0036) and for retrieving monitoring session data recorded by a medical device and stored in a data storage system (Nelson; abstract, col. 10, line 59 to col. 11, line 10).

The obviousness of modifying the teaching of Nelson to include the plurality of web services (as taught by Stawikowski) is as addressed above in the rejection of claim 1 and incorporated herein.

M. Claim 16 recites the system of claim 1 wherein the means for acquiring medical data is an external medical device having telemetric communication with an implantable medical device for receiving data from

the implantable medical device and storing the data (Nelson; abstract, col. 10, line 59 to col. 11, line 10).

- N. Claim 17 recites the system of claim 1 wherein the means for acquiring medical data is an external monitoring or therapy delivery device capable of acquiring and storing medical data (Nelson; abstract, col. 5, line 66 to col. 6, line 34).
- O. Claim 18 recites the system of claim 1 wherein the means for acquiring medical data is an implantable medical device (Nelson; abstract, col. 5, line 66 to col. 6, line 34).
- 5. The amendment to system claims 19 and 20 reflect the same changes made to system claim 1, and is therefore rejected for the same reasons given above for system claim 1 and incorporated herein.
- 6. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nelson et al. (hereinafter Nelson) (U.S. Patent No. 6,480,745 B2), Stawikowski et al. (hereinafter Stawikowski) (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2002/0046239 A1), Trusheim et al. (hereinafter Trusheim) (U.S. Patent No. 6,385,589 B1) and further in view of Official Notice.
 - A. Claim 15 recites the system of claim 11 wherein the multifunction web service is an enrollment web service for registering a patient or medical device record newly enrolled in a first data storage system into a second data storage system.

Nelson does not explicitly disclose an enrollment web service for registering a patient or medical device.

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However, the Examiner takes official notice that it was well known in the information network arts to registering a patient and/or medical device in a web service. The motivation would have been to obtain and provide information about the patient and/or the medical device securely and more efficiently.

Response to Arguments

- 7. Applicant's arguments filed 03/05/2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's arguments will be addressed below in the order in which they appear.
 - A. In response to applicant's argument about Trusheim does not teach "a translation web service having an output method configured to return medical data in a plurality of output format"; Examiner respectfully submits that Trusheim teaches "the translator receives data file having a first format and translates the data file into an output file having a second format" in col. 8, lines 1-15; and Examiner would like to submit that a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. Trusheim teaches translating the data from one format to another, therefore it teaches a structure necessary to configure the data in a plurality of formats.

B. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, Nelson teaches information network interrogation of an implanted device, the communication system permits communication between implanted medical device and a computing resource capable of storing and distributing patient and device data (Nelson; abstract); Nelson fails to expressly teach "plurality of web services, and Stawikowski teaches this feature. Stawikowski teaches "a communication system on a global network of the Internet, Intranet or Extranet type, between at least one automation equipment offering one or more automatic control functions and at least one remote device, allowing the Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP) to be used in an automation equipment, by means of at least one WEB service and/or one WEB client able to interact with a program of the automation equipment." In paragraph 0001. The motivation to combine these references would be to be able to exchange data directly on an IP network (Stawikowski; par. 0006). Also, Nelson fails to expressly teach a translation web service, which changes the format of

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the data; however Trusheim teaches "web service" in col. 11 line 24 to col. 12, line 11, and "a translator, which receives data file having a first format and translates the data file into a second format" in col. 8, lines 1-15. The motivation to combine these references would be to translation data files into a common format (Trusheim; col. 8, lines 1-15), which can be understood by any process accessing information bus 34, such as the common format provided by translator 31(Trusheim; col. 8, lines 58-62).

Conclusion

- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DILEK B. COBANOGLU whose telephone number is (571)272-8295. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-4:30.
- 9. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher L. Gilligan can be reached on 571-272-6770. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.
- 10. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service

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Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-

9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Dilek B Cobanoglu/ Examiner, Art Unit 3626 7/1/2009